Geography Progression 2022-23 Years R-6

Locational knowledge
Skills and fieldwork
Place Knowledge
Human and physical Geography

Class	St	andardised Objectives
R	•	Explain some similarities and differences between life in this country and life in other countries, drawing on knowledge from stories, non-
		fiction texts and – when appropriate – maps.
	•	Describe their immediate environment using knowledge from
		observation, discussion, stories, non-fiction texts, and maps.
	•	Explore the natural world around them, making observations and
		drawing pictures of animals and plants.
	•	Know some similarities and differences between the natural world around them and contrasting environments, drawing on their
		experiences and what has been read in class.
	•	Understand some important processes and changes in the natural world
		around them, including the seasons and changing states of matter.
	•	Know some similarities and differences between different religious and
		cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and
		what has been read in class.
1	•	Know names of 7 continents and 5 oceans.
	•	Name four countries of the UK andtheir capital cities.
	•	Start to use world maps, atlases and globes.
	•	Begin to use simple compass directions and locational language.
	•	Use aerial photos and plans to recognise landmarks.
	•	Draw simple maps eg of schoolgrounds.
	•	Talk about similarities and differences between area of UK and non-
		Europeanarea.
	•	Begin to use basic geographical vocabulary eg town, city, beach, forest, sea, mountain.
	•	Talk about daily weather and seasonal weather patterns in the UK,
		Find hot and cold areas in world using atlases.
2	•	Name and locate the 7 continents and 5 oceans
_	•	Name, locate and identify the four countries of the UK, their capital cities and
		the surrounding seas.
	•	Use world maps, atlases and globes.
	•	Use simple compass directions and locational language to describe the
		location of features and routes on a map.
	•	Use aerial photos and plans to identify features, human and physical.
	•	Identify similarities/differences in physical/human geography between area of
		UK and non-European area.
	•	Develop geographical vocab eg rural, urban, vegetation, season.
	•	Identify daily weather and seasonal weather patternsin the UK.
	•	Locate and name hot and cold areas in world in relation to Equator and the
		North/South Poles.
3	•	Locate some countries of Europe and N/S America using maps and identify
		some environmental regions, key physical/human features, cities
	•	Begin to identify position of latitude, longitude, N/SHemispheres and the

		Equator.
	•	Begin to identify position of Tropics of Cancer/Capricorn, Arctic and
		Antarctic.
	•	Begin to identify position of Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones.
	•	Confidently use world maps, atlases and globes and begin to use digital
		mapping.
	•	Begin to explain geographical similarities and differences (region of UK, European country and N/SAmerica)
	•	Begin to describe some key aspects of physical geography (climate zones,
		biomes, rivers, mountains, earthquakes, volcanoes, water cycle).
	•	Begin to describe some key aspects of human geography (settlement/land
		use and distribution of natural resources).
4	•	Locate more countries of Europe and N/S America using maps and identify
		environmental regions, key physical/human features, cities.
	•	Name and locate countries and cities of the UK, describing geographical
		regions and topographical features.
	•	Explore how some aspects of physical and human characteristics have
		changed over time.
	•	Securely use world maps, atlases and globes and use digital mapping.
	•	Begin to observe, record and present human/physical features of local area
		using maps, sketches, plans, graphs, digital technology.
	•	Explain geographical similarities and differences (regions of UK, European
		country and N/S America)and communicate geographically.
	•	Describe and understand aspects of physical geography (climate zones,
		biomes, rivers, mountains, earthquakes, volcanoes, water cycle).
	•	Describe and understand aspects of human geography (settlement/land use,
		economic activityand distribution of natural resources).
5	•	Locate majority of world's countries & cities using maps (focus on Europe and N/S America) and identify environmental regions, key physical/human
		features.
	•	Identify position of latitude, longitude and N/SHemispheres. Identify position of Tropics of Cancer/Capricorn, Arcticand Antarctic.
	•	Identify position of Prime/Greenwich Meridian and time zones.
		Securely use world maps, atlases and globes and digital mapping to build
		knowledge of the wider world.
	•	Observe, record and present human/physical featuresof local area using
		maps, sketches, plans, graphs, digital technology eg numerical,
	•	quantitative and writing at length. Examine geographical similarities and differences (regions of UK,
		European country and N/S America) and communicate geographically.
	•	Explain key aspects of physical geography (climate zones, biomes,
		vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, earthquakes, volcanoes, water
	•	cycle). Explain key aspects of human geography (settlement/land use, economic
		activity and distribution of natural resources).
	•	Understand the interaction between physical andhuman processes and
		features.
6	•	Locate world's countries & cities using maps (focus on Europe and N/S
	•	America) and explain environmental regions, key physical/human features. Name and locate countries, cities and regions of the UK.
		Secure understanding of how and why the UK's human/physical
		features, geographical regions, topographical features and land-use
		patterns have changed over time.
	•	Apply understanding of positional language eg longitude,
	•	latitude to explain geographical characteristics eg topography. In a variety of ways, observe, record, measure and present
		human/physical features of local area using sketches, plans, graphs and
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- digital technology eg numerical, quantitative and writing at length.
- Use digital mapping, 8-point compasses, 4- and 6- digit grid references and Ordnance Survey maps.
- Analyse geographical similarities and differences (regions of UK, European country and N/S America) and communicate geographical concepts in a wide variety of ways.
- Examine and explain key aspects of physical geography(climate zones, biomes, vegetation belts, rivers, mountains, earthquakes, volcanoes, water cycle).
- Examine and explain key aspects of human geography(settlement/land use, economic activity and distribution of natural resources).
- Understand the interaction between physical and human processes and features and how these change over time.